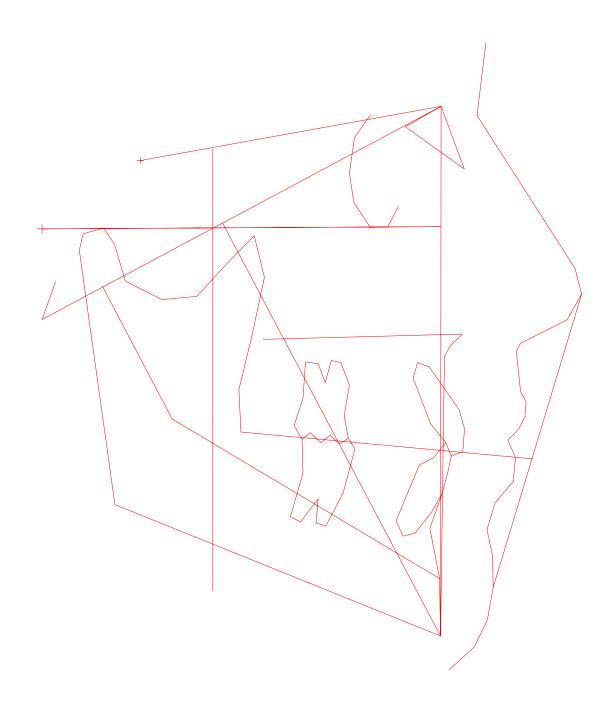
VISUAL NORMS

DR. ANNIE®

ADULT MALE
Dr. TRAINING
M (CA) Caucasian
MISSING PERMANENT TEETH





X-Ray date: 01/14/2021 Age: 10.7 Birthdate: 05/16/2010 Sex: Male ADULT MALE Case Number: 0000 0040 1 Reference: C C D 1

Run date: 10/21/2021 Dr. ANNIE

CCD-ORTHODONTIC CONDITIONS

LATERAL BEFORE TREATMENT

FACTOR # - Appears on tracing	MEASURED VALUE	CLINICAL NORM	CLINICAL DEVIATIONS FROM NORM		
DENTAL RELATIONS					
01 Molar Relation 03 Canine Relation 05 Incisor Overjet 07 Incisor Overbite 09 Mand Incisor Extrusion #11 Interincisal Angle	-0.2 mm 3.8 mm 2.8 mm	-3.0 mm -2.0 mm 2.5 mm 2.5 mm 1.3 mm	0.9		
===== DENTAL TO	SKELETON =	=======	=======		
#18 A6 Molar Position to PTV #20 B1 to A-Po Plane 22 A1 to A-Po Plane #24 B1 Inclination to A-Po 26 A1 Inclination to A-Po 27 Occlusal Plane to Xi 28 Inclination of Occl Plane 54 B1 Inclination to FH	3.0 mm 6.5 mm 23.3 dg 25.5 dg 0.7 mm 21.2 dg	21.0 mm 1.0 mm 3.5 mm 22.0 dg 28.0 dg -3.7 mm 27.2 dq 65.0 dg	0.8 1.4 * 0.3 -0.6 1.5 * -1.5 *		
====== ESTHE	TICS =====	=======	=======		
29 Lower Lip to Esthetic Plane 30 Upper Lip Length 31 Lip Embrasure to Occl Plane 58 NasoLabial Angle	30.9 mm -4.9 mm	-2.9 mm 29.4 mm -3.0 mm 115.0 dg	0.8 -0.9		
======================================					
86 Linder-Aronson AD1	53.2 dg 85.0 % 30.7 mm 27.0 mm	27.8 mm	-3.9 *** 1.3 0.6 0.9		

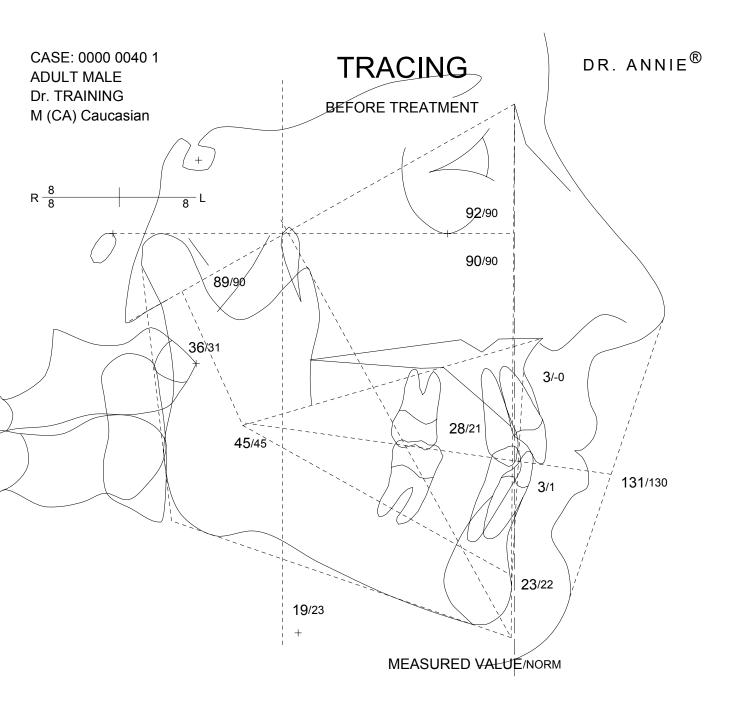
CCD-SKELETAL CONDITIONS

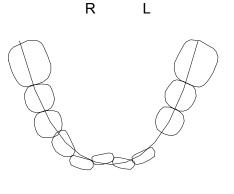
LATERAL BEFORE TREATMENT

 FACTOR # - Appears on tracing	MEASURED VALUE	CLINICAL NORM	CLINICAL DEVIATIONS FROM NORM
=========== SKELETAL F	RELATIONS =		=======
#13 Convexity #15 Lower Facial Height 84 Present Patient Height 91 Posterior face height 92 Anterior face height 93 Posterior/Anterior ratio	45.4 dg NOT AVA 95.7 mm 138.1 mm	0.0 mm 45.0 dg ILABLE	
94 Saddle Angle 96 Condylion-A point 97 Condylion-Gnathion 95 Max-Mand Differential 98 Menton-ANS	114.6 dg 103.2 mm 135.7 mm 32.5 mm	123.0 dg 98.8 mm 128.2 mm 30.0 mm 72.0 mm	1.0 * 1.8 * 0.6
====== JAW TO (CRANIUM ===	=======	=======
#34 Facial Axis #36 Maxillary Depth 37 Maxillary Height 38 Palatal Plane to FH #39 Mandibular Plane to FH 77 Ba-N-A 1 76 S-N-A	19.0 dg	90.0 dq 90.0 dg 56.7 dg 1.0 dg 23.3 dg 63.0 dg	-0.2 0.7 0.6 1.2 * -1.0 * 0.6
====== INTERNAL S	STRUCTURE =	=======	=======
40 Cranial Deflection 42 Cranial Length Anterior 44 Ramus Height (CF-Go) 46 Ramus Xi Position 48 Porion Location (Por to PTV) #50 Mandibular Arc 51 Corpus Length	68.9 mm 81.5 mm 78.3 dg -44.8 mm 36.4 dg	70.1 mm 72.2 mm 76.0 dg -47.3 mm	2.8 ** 0.8 1.1 * 1.4 *

DR. ANNIETM

Data Services





SHORTAGE 6.6 MM LEEWAY 0.0 MM

SIGNIFICANT CONSIDERATIONS CONDITION Skeletal Class II Adenoid blockage of the airway? REASON due to the maxilla Probably not

FACIAL PATTERN: MILD BRACHYFACIAL			
# FACTORS	MEASURED VALUE	NORM	CLINICAL DEVIATION
Interincisal Angle	131.2 dg	130.0 dg	0.2
Convexity	2.9 mm	-0.0 mm	1.4 *
Lower Facial Height	45.4 dg	45.0 dg	0.1
A6 Molar Position to PTV	28.4 mm	21.0 mm	2.5 **
B1 to A-Po Plane	3.0 mm	1.0 mm	0.8
B1 Inclination to A-Po	23.3 dg	22.0 dg	0.3
Facial Depth Facial Axis Maxillary Depth Mandibular Plane to FH Mandibular Arc	89.6 dg	89.6 dg	0.0
	89.4 dg	90.0 dg	-0.2
	92.0 dg	90.0 dg	0.7
	19.0 dg	23.3 dg	-1.0 *
	36.4 dg	30.7 dg	1.4 *

ADULT MALE Case Number: 0000 0040 1 X-Ray date: 01/14/2021 Age: 10.7 Reference: G T U

Run date: 10/21/2021 Birthdate: 05/16/2010 Sex: Male 1 Dr. ANNTE

====== GUIDE TO ALTERNATIVE TREATMENT PLANNING ========

Probability of Lower Third Molar Facial Pattern 1.0 C.D.

Vertical Description MILD BRACHYFACIAL (based on space available)

Not Applicable 3rd Molars Missing

Auxiliary Appliances

Headgear NOT INDICATED

Activator NOT INDICATED
Palate Separation N/A - No Arch and Frontal data
Convexity Objective Reduce 1.5 mm

Lower Arch Length Discrepancy (original arch) 6.6 mm Shortage

Including useable leeway (E) space

Required Tooth Effect on Resulting * * * LOWER ARCH * * * Movement Arch Length Discrepancy Lt: 0.0 mm Fwd. Lower Incisor to Ideal Rt: 1.2 mm Fwd. 0.8 mm Increase 5.8 mm Shortage 0.5 mm Increase 5.3 mm Shortage Buccal Expansion to Ideal Arch Form Incisors & Convexity to Cephalometric Limit 1.7 mm Fwd. 3.4 mm Increase 1.9 mm Shortage

2.0 mm 4.0 mm Increase 2.1 mm Excess

* * * U P P E R A R C H * * *

Lower Molar Distal Movement

Movement of First Molar (non-ext.)

Required for Class I 3.7 mm Distal Clinical Limit 1.5 mm Distal

Resulting Expected Space for 2nd & 3rd

Molars at Maturity (non-ext.)

Required Space for 2nd Molars

Required Space for 2nd & 3rd Molars

18.0 mm to 11.0 mm

18.0 mm to 22.0 mm

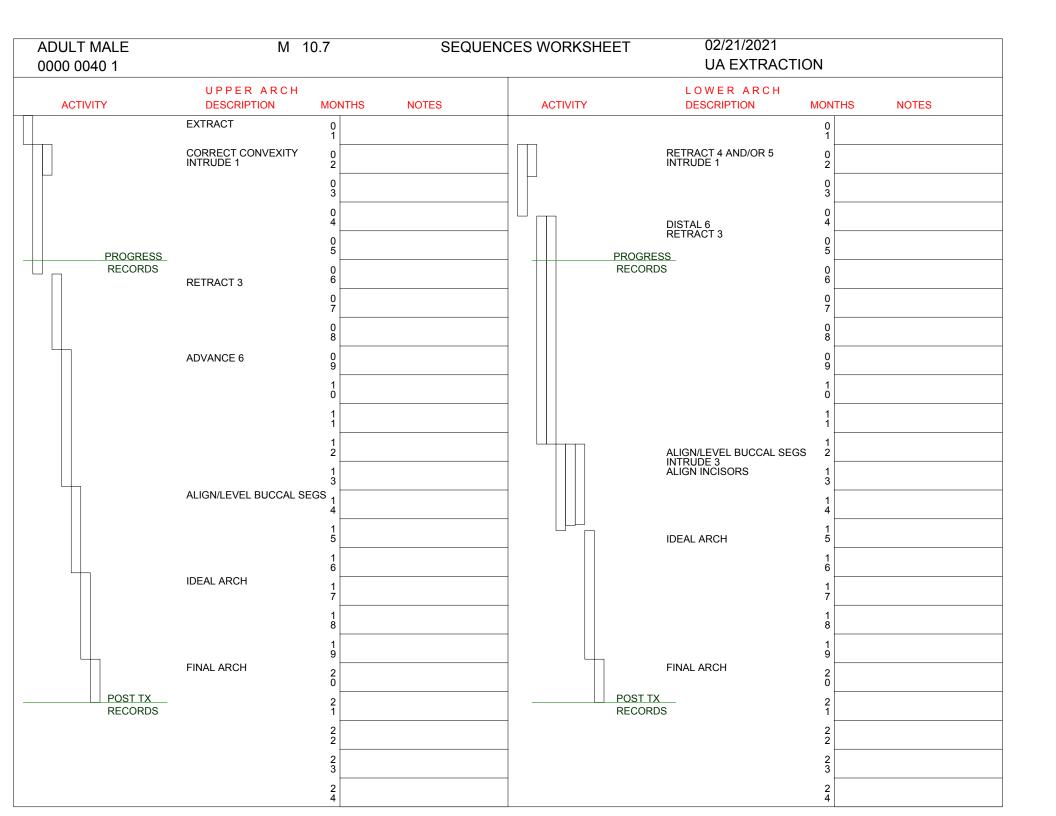
*** Indicated Treatment using Dr's Personalized Decision Program ***

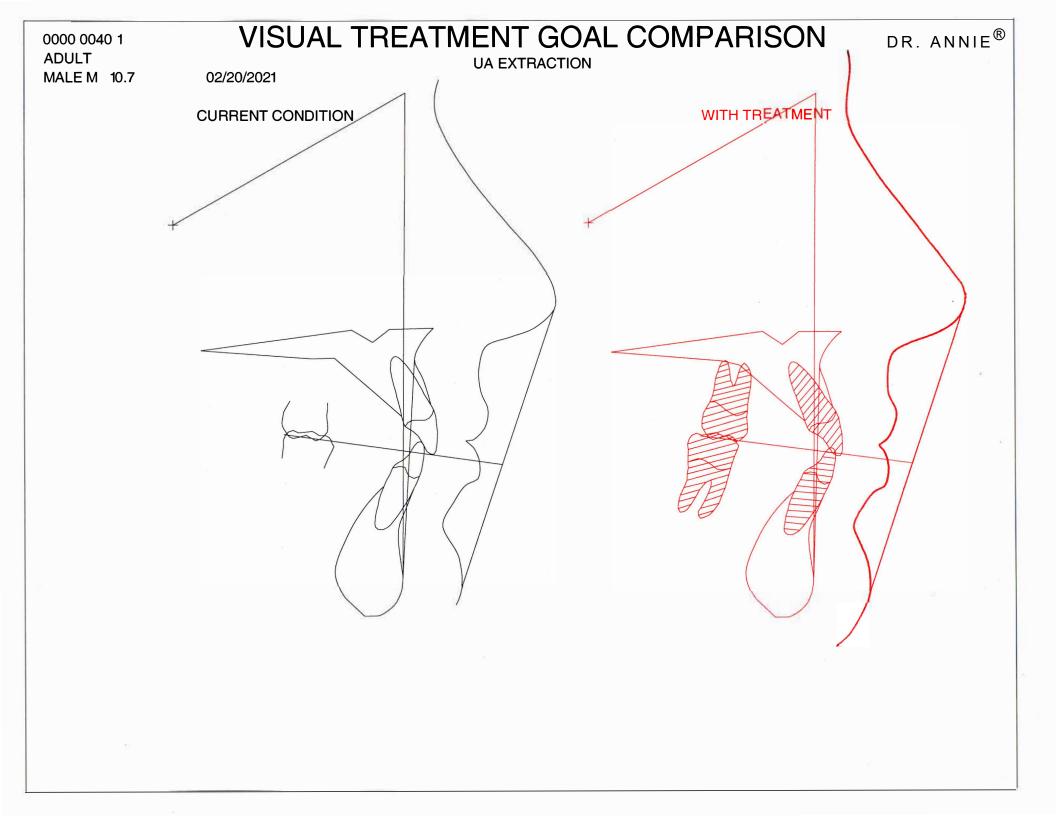
Upper Arch EXTRACTION Lower Arch NON-EXTRACTION Lower Incisor Forward 0.6 mm Buccal Expansion Gain 0.5 mm Lower Molar Movement Backward 1.6 mm

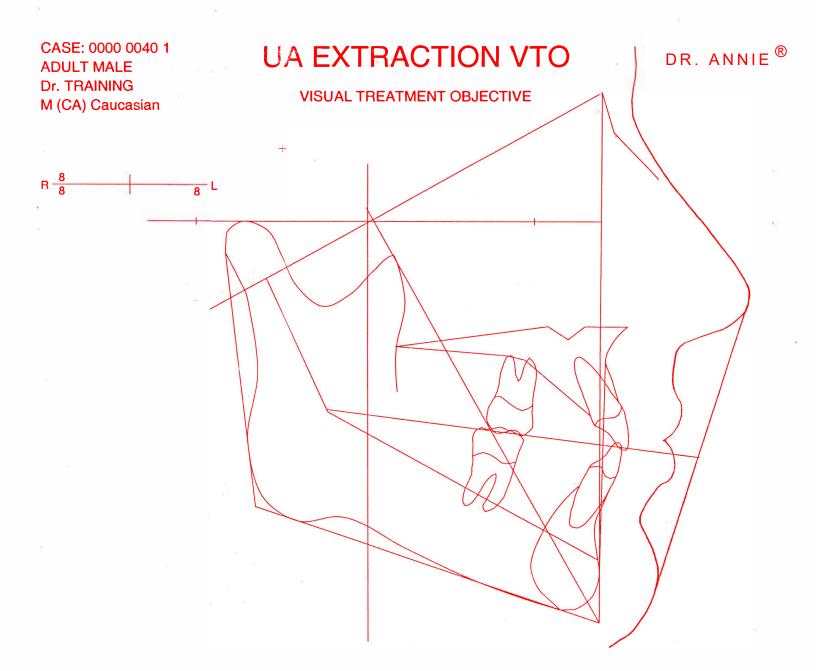
Teeth Sizes: L6 L5 L4 L3 L2 L1 R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 TOTAL SUM OF INCISOR NORM Lower Arch: 11.7 7.6 7.3 7.5 6.5 5.9 5.9 6.5 7.5 7.3 7.4 11.7 92.8 24.8 MM 23.5

ADULT MALE Case Number: 0000 0040 1 X-Ray date: 01/14/2021 Age: 10.7 Reference: W R U Birthdate: 05/16/2010 Sex: Male 1 Run date: 10/21/2021 Dr. ANNTE WORKUP RATIONALE 1.0 CD - Mild Brachyfacial | Mandibular Arch Length Analysis Facial pattern: Lower arch form: Normal 1. Initial Conditions 8 | A. Original Arch Length
R ------ L | B. Useable Leeway Space
8 | 8 | C. Total Initial Discrepancy(A+B) 6.6 mm shortage Missing permanent teeth: 0.0 mm 6.6 mm shortage Lower arch length discrepancy (ALD) 6.6 mm SHORTAGE | 2. Maximum Permissible Arch Length 0.0 mm ---Leeway space Increase(Within Doctor Limits) 0.0 mm Maximum use of leeway space Due To: D. Lower Incisor Repositioning Total arch length discrepancy 6.6 mm SHORTAGE 4.2 mm increase E. Buccal Expansion 0.5 mm increase 4.0 mm increase F. Lower Molar Distal Movement based on Dr. Training's individualized standards G. Total Possible Increase (D+E+F) 8.7 mm increase UPPER ARCH: EXTRACTION 3. Resultant Arch Length Discrepancy 2.1 mm excess Considering All Possible Arch Length Increases (C+G) Convexity change REDUCE 1.5 mm 4. Resultant Computer Decision Non-Extraction LOWER ARCH: NON-EXTRACTION 5. Work-Up Presented Is NON-EXTRACTION Lower incisor FORWARD 0.6 mm Extracted teeth Buccal Expansion GAIN 0.5 mm ====== REASONS FOR UPPER ARCH DECISION ========= 4 | 4 Lower molar BACKWARD 1.6 mm 1. Convexity change 1.5 mm reduce 2. Upper incisor tip movement for 0.2 mm backward overbite/overjet ideal to lower 3. First molar movement required 3.3 mm forward Activator: NOT INDICATED Palate separation: N/A - No Arch and Frontal data Headgear: NOT INDICATED 4. First molar movement clinical limit 1.5 mm backward 5. Work-Up Presented Is EXTRACTION Pentamorphic arch form: Normal

Lat rt 6's used for measurement









ESPECIALLY PREPARED FOR Dr. TRAINING

WORKUP PERFORMED **Upper: EXTRACTION**

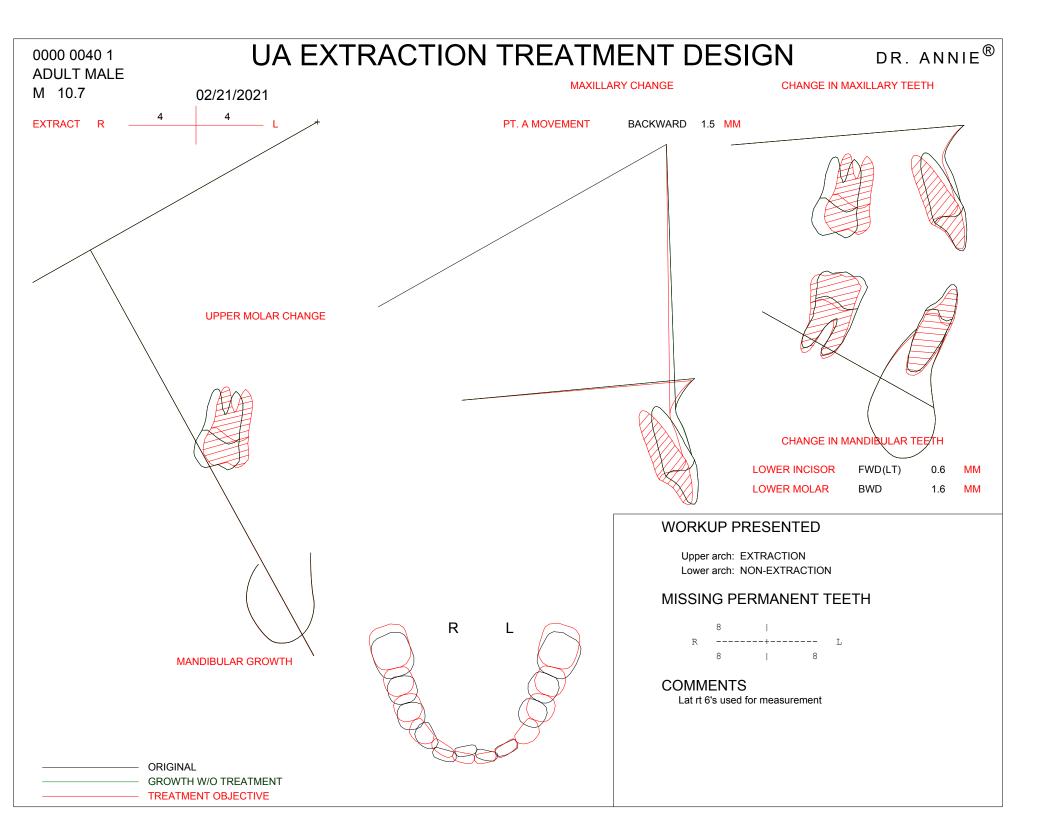
Lower: NON-EXTRACTION PREDICTION PERIOD

24.0 months

HEIGHT PREDICTION Reached adult height

COMMENTS Lat rt 6's used for measurement **EXTRACTED TEETH**

GROWTH UNITS 24.0 months: 0.0



Data Services

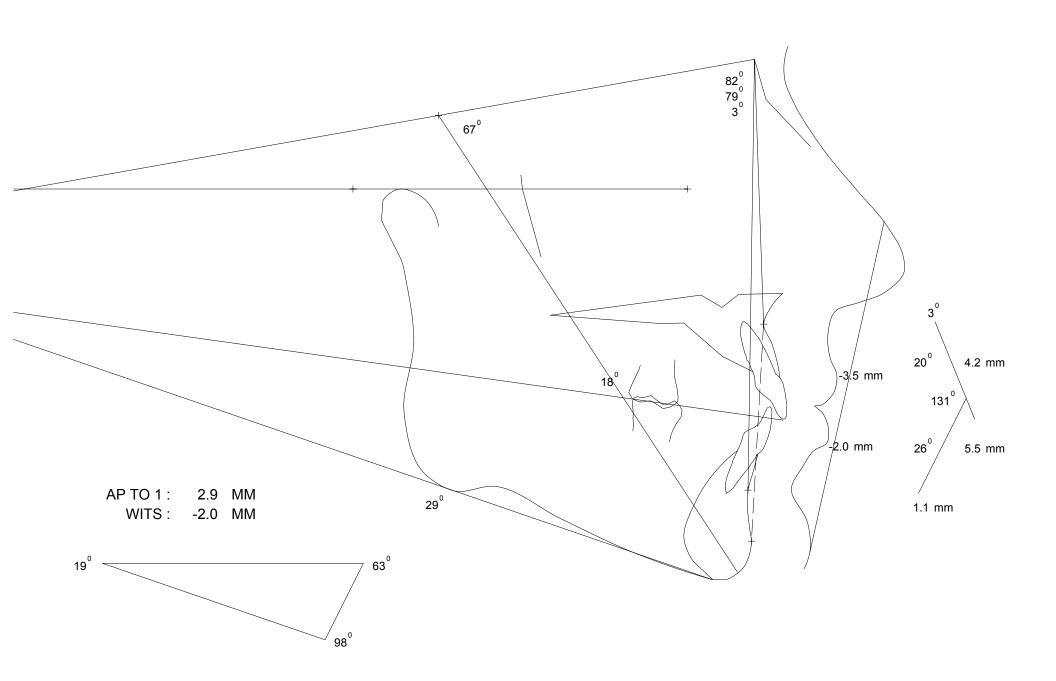
X-Ray date: 01/14/2021 Age: 10.7 Birthdate: 05/16/2010 Sex: Male 1 Case Number: 0000 0040 1 Run date: 10/21/2021 ADULT MALE Reference: S A

Dr. ANNIE

ANALYSIS

Factor	Measured Value	Clinical Norm	Clinical Deviations From Norm
SNA	81.9 dg	82.0 dg	0.0
SNB	79.1 dg	80.0 dg	-0.3
ANB	2.8 dg	2.0 dg	0.3
SND	75.6 dg	76.0 dg	-0.1
A1 to NA	4.2 mm	4.0 mm	0.1
A1 to NA	20.2 dg	22.0 dg	-0.2
B1 to NB	5.5 mm	4.0 mm	0.6
B1 to NB	25.8 dg	25.0 dg	0.1
A1 to B1	131.2 dg	131.0 dg	0.0
OCC.PL/SN	18.0 dg	14.0 dg	0.9

02/21/2021



DR. ANNIE®

October 21, 2021

Case #: 0000 0040 1 Extraction
Patient: ADULT MALE Letter: (33)

Dear Dr. TRAINING:

The enclosed workup shows extraction in the upper arch only.

The reason for this is that after predicting growth to maturity, eliminating arch length discrepancy, placing the incisors in an ideal overjet and overbite and attempting to position the upper molar in a Class I relationship, the program has identified a possible contraindication.

The procedures mentioned above would call for distalizing the upper molar beyond the limits you have indicated you use, or would position the upper molar such that there would be insufficient resulting space for upper second and third molars.

An alternative method of treatment may be possible by planning to treat the anterior teeth further forward than is shown on the VTO.

We appreciate the opportunity to be of service to you. If you have any questions or alternative methods of treatment that you wish to share with us, please contact one of our technical representatives.